Standard S-Type, Wire-Wound, and Hermetic Resistors



Specifications and Selection Charts

Fixed resistors have two primary uses in strain gage circuits: shunt calibration of strain-measuring instrumentation, and bridge completion. For shunt calibration, a fixed resistor is temporarily shunted across a bridge arm to produce a known resistance change in the bridge circuit. The resulting instrument indication is then compared to the calculated strain corresponding to the resistance change. For bridge-completion applications. a fixed resistor may be used in the adjacent arm of the bridge to complete the external half-bridge circuit when a single strain gage is connected in a quarter-bridge arrangement.

In each of these applications, the accuracy of the strain measurement is affected, directly or indirectly, by the accuracy and stability of the fixed resistor(s) used in the circuit. It is important, therefore, that only precision, highstability resistors be selected for these purposes.

PRECISION RESISTOR SPECIFICATIONS



Standard S-Type

WIRE WOUND (PREFIX "W") STANDARD S-TYPE (PREFIX "S") **HERMETIC (PREFIX "H")** Noted for long-term stability and low For high-value shunt resistance Best long-term stability under adverse environmental conditions. Premium temperature-coefficient-of-resistance. requirements (above 100,000 Ω). resistors used for bridge completion Used for shunt calibration (below 100,000 Ω) and bridge completion. Size: where highest accuracy and stability 0.25 in dia. x 0.75 in long are required. Size: (6.4 x 19.1 mm). 0.295 x 0.320 x 0.10 in Size: (7.5 x 8.1 x 2.5 mm). Temperature Coefficient: 0.4 in square x 0.15 in thick ±12 ppm/°F; +32° to +140°F (10 x 4 mm). Temperature Coefficient: (±20 ppm/°C; 0° to +60°C). ±0.6 ppm/°F; +32° to +140°F **Temperature Coefficient:** (±1 ppm/°C; 0° to +60°C). ±0.6 ppm/°F: +32° to +140°F Stability: 30 ppm/year max. drift. (±1 ppm/°C; 0° to +60°C). Stability: 25 ppm/year max. drift. Wattage: Stability: 0.3 at +75°F (+24°C). 5 ppm/year max. drift. Wattage: 0.3 at +75°F (+24°C). Leadwires: Wattage: 20 AWG tinned copper. 0.25 at +75°F (+24°C). Leadwires: 22 AWG tinned copper. Construction: Leadwires: Noninductive windings. Encapsulated 22 AWG tinned copper. for use in normal laboratory **Construction:** Encapsulated in epoxy case for use in environment. Construction: normal laboratory environment. Hermetically sealed in metal case. Excellent long-term stability.



Standard S-Type, Wire-Wound, and Hermetic Resistors

Specifications and Selection Charts

SHUNT-CALIBRATION RESISTORS				
	ORDER NO.	RESISTANCE IN OHMS	TOLERANCE IN %	EQUIVALENT MICROSTRAIN
FOR 120 Ω GAGE CIRCUIT	W-599880-02 W-119880-02 S-59880-01 S-29880-01 S-19880-01 S-14880-01 S-11880-01 S-5880-01	599,880 119,880 59,880 29,880 19,880 14,880 11,880 5,880	± 0.02 ± 0.02 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01	100 500 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 5,000 10,000
FOR 350 Ω GAGE CIRCUIT	W-349650-02 W-174650-02 S-87150-01 S-57983-01 S-43400-01 S-34650-01 S-17150-01	349,650 174,650 87,150 57,983 43,400 34,650 17,150	± 0.02 ± 0.02 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01	500 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 5,000 10,000
FOR 1000 Ω GAGE CIRCUIT	W-999000-02 W-499000-02 W-249000-02 W-165666-02 W-124000-02 S-99000-01 S-49000-01	999,000 499,000 249,000 165,666 124,000 99,000 49,000	± 0.02 ± 0.02 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01 ± 0.01	500 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 5,000 10,000

The "Equivalent Microstrain" column shows the true compression strain simulated by shunting each calibration resistor across an active strain gage arm of the exact indicated resistance, based on a circuit gage factor setting of 2.000.

BRIDGE COMPLETION RESISTORS				
CIRCUIT AND BRIDGE COMPLETION TOLERANCE ±0.01%				
ORDER NO.	RESISTANCE IN OHMS			
S-50-01	50			
S-60-01	60			
S-100-01	100			
S-120-01	120			
S-175-01	175			
S-240-01	240			
S-350-01	350			
S-500-01	500			
S-1000-01	1,000			
S-2000-01	2,000			
S-5000-01	5.000			
H-100-01	100			
H-120-01	120			
H-350-01	350			
H-1000-01	1 000			
	.,000			

Note:

Shunt-calibration resistors are chosen to accurately simulate resistance change in a strain gage subjected to specified levels of compressive strain. Strain indicators generally produce a linear output with a fully active half-bridge or full-bridge input circuit, and will be slightly in error when a single active arm is used. The same nonlinearity occurs whether the gage is actually strained in compression or simulated by shunting the gage with the corresponding calibration resistor. See Tech Note TN-514, "Shunt Calibration of Strain Gage Instrumentation."



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